



## XCELL PRP™ Platelet Concentrating System 60ml

Single Use Only Device

**▲ CAUTION:** Federal Law restricts the device to sale by or on the order of a physician.

**▲ CAUTION:** The XCELL PRP Platelet Concentrating System 60ml (XC-PRP-60) is provided sterile. DO NOT use any component of the system if the packaging is opened or damaged. DO NOT clean and/or re-sterilize. Single-use only.

**COMPANY INFO:** APEX Biologix is a medical device and biologics company that markets products in the fields of interventional pain management, sports medicine, and orthopedics. An industry leader, APEX Biologix provides comprehensive tools to help practitioners become successful in these disciplines.

**INDICATIONS FOR USE:** The XCELL PRP™ System is intended to be used for the safe and rapid preparation of autologous platelet-rich plasma (PRP) from a small sample of peripheral blood at the patient's point of care. The PRP is mixed with autograft and/or allograft bone prior to the application to a bony defect for improving handling characteristics.

**CONTRAINDICATIONS:** The XCELL PRP™ Platelet Concentrating System may be contraindicated when used in a non-sterile environment, patients taking aspirin within 72 hours, drugs that affect platelet function, patients with any serious medical conditions that would make the subject unable to safely tolerate the extracorporeal blood components and/or volume required for the procedure. The blood products from this device are not to be used for transfusion.

**▲ WARNING AND PRECAUTIONS:**

1. Appropriate precautions should be taken to protect against needle sticks.
2. Do not use the components in the XC-PRP-60 kit if the packaging is open or damaged.
3. Do not use after expiration date.
4. Use only the Instruction for Use of the XC-PRP-60 system.
5. The physician and all staff who will be utilizing the XC-PRP-60 should be well versed in the use of the system, ancillary equipment, maintaining a sterile environment, trained phlebotomists, disposal of biohazards, etc.
6. The PRP sample should be used within 4 hours of blood draw.
7. The PRP is not intended to be returned to the patient's circulatory system.
8. The XC-PRP-60 system is single use. DO NOT clean or re-sterilize any part of this system. Dispose of all components immediately after procedure is complete, with special attention to placing needles in sharps containers immediately after use.
9. Venipuncture, collection and platelet harvest process of the patient's blood should occur under aseptic conditions. The disposable XCELL PRP™ Platelet Concentrating System, syringes and accessories, must be properly discarded following standard biohazard guidelines after each use. Sealed sterile packages containing the XCELL PRP™ Concentrating Device and accessories must be inspected before opening. If seal is broken, contents may not be sterile.
10. The patient should be informed of the risks associated with whole blood aspiration which include, but are not limited to, hemorrhage, thrombosis formation, infection, and/or persistent pain at the site of aspiration.



**▲Patient Warning of Side Effects:**

1. As previously noted, hemorrhage (ruptured blood vessel), thrombosis formation (clotting), infection and/or persistent pain at the aspiration (blood draw) site may result.
2. Temporary or permanent nerve damage that may result in pain or numbness associated with the aspiration (blood draw) site may result.
3. Early or late postoperative infection is associated with any surgical procedure.

**▲CAUTION:** Centrifuge: The Eppendorf 5702 (non-refrigerated) benchtop centrifuge with Eppendorf PN A-4-38 rotor/bucket is an approved centrifuge for use with the XC-PRP-60 system. The Drucker Boost 4+ Flex centrifuge is also approved for use with the XC-PRP-60 system.

**Benchtop Processing Station (BPS) Basic Instructions**

- The Benchtop Processing Station (BPS) is provided for extracting blood components from the Concentrating Device. The gloved and masked user should remove the P60A Cap and green Silicone Cap then, with the center shaft in the down position, install the post-centrifuged Concentrating Device with the 20, 10, 6cc markings facing the user. Turning the handle counter-clockwise will engage the shaft with the green Piston at the base of the Concentrating Device. Attach a 60cc Syringe. Additional counter-clockwise twisting of the Knob will move the Piston upwards aspirating blood components into the attached syringe. Please see pictorial instructions below or the Benchtop Processing Station Quick Start Guide.

**Note on Anticoagulant:** Anticoagulant Citrate Dextrose Solution A (ACD-A) is not provided with the XCELL PRP Platelet Concentrating System. ACD-A can be ordered through Apex Biologix by calling 844-897-4910, email at [info@apexbiologix.com](mailto:info@apexbiologix.com) or by contacting your local Apex sales representative. When ordering, please have the part number and your Medical License number ready. This ACD-A should only be used with the XCELL PRP Platelet Concentrating System.

If sourcing ACD-A, the chemical composition should match this specification:

Citric Acid, anhydrous, USP .....0.073 g  
Sodium Citrate, dihydrate, USP .....0.220 g  
Dextrose, monohydrate, USP..... 0.223- 0.245 g  
Water for Injection, USP .....q.s.  
pH: 4.5 – 5.5

Dosage is 9ml ACD-A per 51ml whole blood for a total volume of 60ml to be processed.

**DEVICE DESCRIPTION:**

The XCELL PRP Platelet Concentrating System is a single-use, sterile kit consisting of blood draw components, syringes, and a concentrating device. It concentrates blood components and aids in separation of the blood components by density through the use of its components, specifically the concentrating device and the Eppendorf Model 5702 which is to be used with the XCELL PRP Platelet Concentrating System. The system prepares platelet rich plasma (PRP) from a small volume of blood that is drawn at the time of treatment. The materials of the system’s components consist of medical grade



polymers, elastomers, and stainless steels suitable for use in medical devices. Note, the Drucker Boost 4+ Flex is an acceptable substitute for the Eppendorf 5702.

**KIT CONTAINS:**

- (1) \*APEX P60A Concentrating Device
- (1) \*APEX P60A Cap
- (2) \*60cc Syringe (Luer lock)
- (1) \*12cc Syringe (Luer lock)
- (1) \*Needle 18g
- (2) \*Luer Lock Universal Cap
- (1) Prep Towel
- (2) Alcohol Prep Pad
- (1) \*45 Degree Bent Dispensing Tip
- (4) Adhesive Patient Labels
- (1) \*Luer Lock Low-Profile Cap
- (1) Blood Draw Kit

**BLOOD DRAW KIT CONTAINS:**

- (1) \*19g Winged Infusion Needle
- (2) Alcohol Prep Pad
- (5) Gauze Sponge 4x4 8-Ply
- (2) Adhesive Bandage
- (1) Tourniquet
- (1) \*Luer Lock Universal Cap

**\*Non-Pyrogenic:** All blood-contacting components (those with asterisk) are non-pyrogenic as required by FDA.

**BEST PRACTICES:** Follow processing guides and protocols described below. Apply initial training and always adhere to clinical safety procedures.

**XC-PRP-60 Quick Start Reference.** The detailed instructions should be read first. After a clear understanding is achieved, the following quick start guide for the XCELL PRP Platelet Concentrating System 60ml may be used.




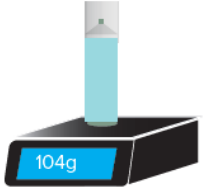


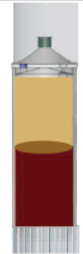

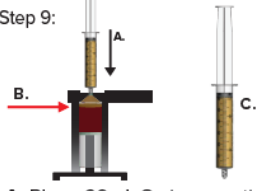
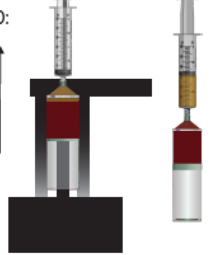

# XCELL PRP

by APEX BIOLOGIX

**\*PLEASE CREATE A STERILE WORK STATION AND BE MASKED & GLOVED BEFORE PROCEEDING\***

Wipe sealing port with sterile alcohol prior to accessing with a sterile syringe

For questions please contact:  
**844-897-4910**

<p>Step 1:</p>  <p>Draw 9mL of *ACD-A into 60mL Syringe</p>	<p>Step 2:</p>  <p>Draw whole blood from the patient, filling the syringe to maximum 60mL. Once blood is drawn, detach the tube and ensure the anti-coagulant spreads throughout the blood sample</p>	<p>Step 3:</p>  <p>45 Degree bent dispensing tip</p> <p>Slowly transfer anti-coagulated whole blood using the 45 degree bent dispensing tip into the XCELL concentrating device</p>	
<p>Step 4:</p>  <p>**Secure the green silicone cap and the clear safety cap to the concentrating device. Match counterbalance to +/- 1.0g of concentrating device.</p>	<p>Step 5:</p>  <p>Place XCELL counterbalance and concentrating device on opposite ends inside centrifuge and spin at 3800rpm/2300rcf 10 Minutes</p>	<p>Step 6:</p>  <p>Prime the 60mL and 12mL syringes to ensure that the barrel moves freely. This is done by simply pulling back and forth on the plunger two to three times. Leave 5mL of air in the 60mL syringe to prevent splatter</p>	<p>Step 7:</p>  <p>Remove Clear Plastic Cap</p> <p>Platelet Concentrate Buffy coat</p> <p>After spin, carefully remove XCELL concentrating device from the centrifuge. Remove the caps from Step 4</p>
<p>Step 8:</p>  <p>Insert XCELL Concentrating Device into Bench Top Processing Station then twist knob to move plasma to the bottom of the Luer-slip fitting.</p>	<p>Step 9:</p>  <p>A. Place 60mL Syringe vertically on XCELL concentrating device B. Using the Bench Top Processing Station push PPP into 60mL syringe until the buffy coat reaches 6mL (outlined on concentrating device.) (See red arrow) C. Remove and cap 60mL syringe</p>	<p>Step 10:</p>  <p>Aspire PRP</p> <p>Keeping the assembly vertical, add the primed 12ml syringe and push the remaining PRP until the syringe captures the buffy coat</p>	<p>Step 11:</p>  <p>Cap the 12ml syringe and gently remix the suspension and process is complete</p>

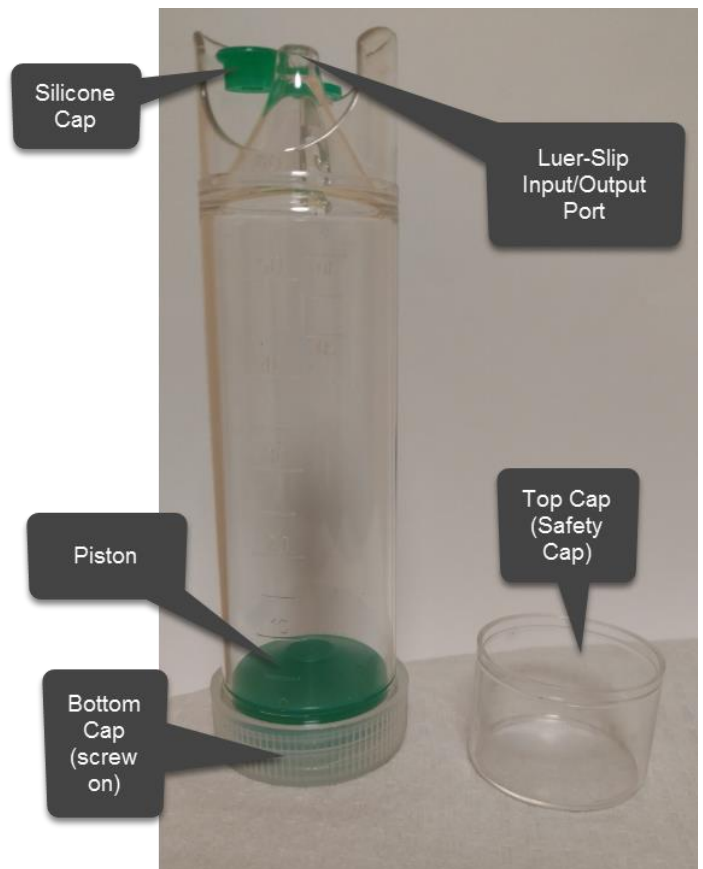
\*Anticoagulant Sodium Citrate Dextrose Solution A (ACD-A)

\*\*If attaching the green silicone cap is undesirable, use the optional Low-Profile Cap provided

See Next Page

### Definitions for the XCELL PRP Concentrating Device

1. Silicone Cap: Use to seal the Input/Output port. Flexible silicone, with retaining pin, for easy of use.
2. Luer-Slip Input/Output Port: Add whole blood and aspirate PPP and PRP here.
3. Top Cap: Placed over the Silicone Cap for additional safety and retention.
4. Piston: Moves up the concentrating to aspartate PPP and PRP. Used in conjunction with the BPS.
5. Bottom Cap: Retains the Piston.



### Definitions for the BPS

- Top Plate: the retainer for the P60A Concentrating Device when loading into the BPS.
- Tower: Supports the Top Plate.
- Plunger: Driven by the Knob and moves the piston of the P60A upwards.
- Housing: Supports and encloses the internal mechanism.
- Knob: Causes the Plunger to be raised or lowered.
- Base: Provides a sturdy foundation for the BPS.
- Base Cover: Finishing for the Base.



### Instructions for Use:

**Note:** Please create a sterile work station before beginning. Use standard aseptic technique with the following procedure.

**Note:** Please ensure the Benchtop Processing Station has been cleaned prior to use. Refer to Benchtop Processing Station Maintenance Instructions.

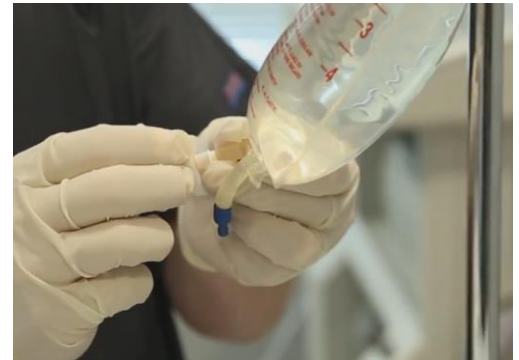
**Note:** Retrieve the supply of ACD-A.

1. Have an assistant open and present the components to the physician.
2. The physician should be masked and gloved before proceeding.
3. Layout all kit components on a sterile surface (a sterile Prep Towel is provided if needed).  
Note: The physician may choose to hand the Adhesive Patient Labels to the assistant and to identify the



UDI and/or Lot number.

4. Attached the 18g Needle to one of the 60cc Syringes.
5. Using a provided Alcohol Prep Pad, swab the port of ACD-A injection site.
6. Prime the 60cc Syringe, then draw 9cc of ACD-A. Remove the 18g Needle and discard in a sharp's container. Cap with the provided Luer Lock Universal Cap.



7. With an assistant, prep the patient for blood draw:
  - a. Gloved physician opens the Blood Draw Kit, lays out items on the sterile surface and hands the provided Tourniquet to the assistant who will apply it to the patient.
  - b. If the physician needs additional assistance, that assistant should also be masked and gloved.



- c. Clean the venipuncture site with provided Alcohol Swab.
- d. Connect the 19g Winged Infusion Needle to the ACD-A dosed 60cc Syringe. (Place cap on sterile surface)

*Note: Additional Alcohol Prep Pads are provided and to be used at the physician's discretion*



- e. The physician or phlebotomist inserts the 19g needle and begins the blood draw.
- f. Slowly draw back the syringe to 60cc.



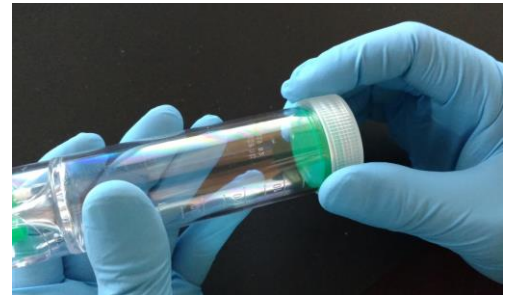


- g. Detach the infusion needle tube and cap using the Luer Lock Universal Cap. Utilize provided Gauze Sponge as needed, and apply provided Adhesive Bandage.

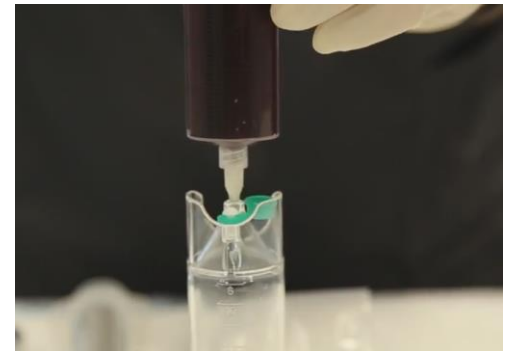
*Note: It is critical to mix the ACD-A with the whole blood immediately after draw is complete. Invert the capped syringe for a minimum of 15 times.*



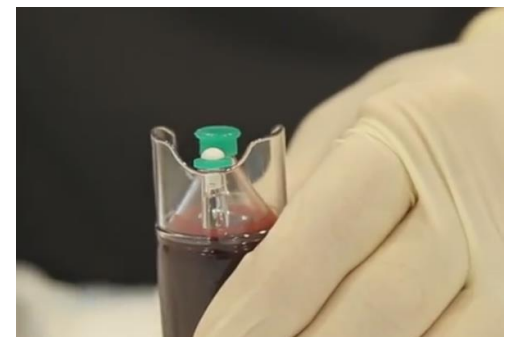
*Note: before transferring to the Concentrating Device, verify the Bottom Cap is tightened securely, using the handholds in the adjacent image and rotating the cap clockwise until snug.*



- 8. Attach the 45 Degree Bent Dispensing Tip to the 60cc Syringe containing the patient's whole blood then slowly transfer blood into the P60A Concentrating Device through the Input/Output Port. Fill to the 60cc marker.

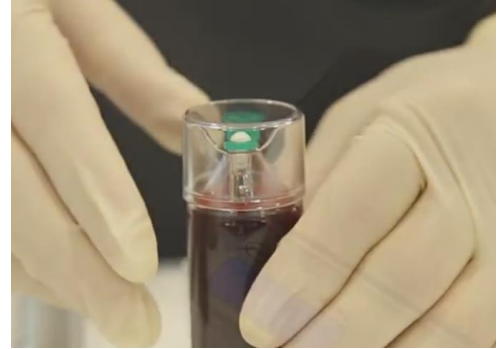


- 9. Place the P60 Concentrating Devices built-in Silicone Cap over the Input/Output Port.
- 10. If the physician finds it difficult to manipulate the Silicone Cap, a slightly larger Luer Lock Low-Profile Cap is provided.





11. Secure the P60A's Top Cap to the Concentrating Device



12. Using a lab scale, weigh the Concentrating Device and match the counterbalance to within +/-1.0g.

13. Place the Concentrating Device and counterbalance into opposite buckets of the centrifuge and close the lid.  
*a.* See respective centrifuge quick-start for details.



**Note: Do not mix centrifuge buckets or inserts from different machine brands.**

14. Set the centrifuge to 10 minutes and 2300rcf and start the cycle.  
*a.* Eppendorf 3800rpm  
*b.* Drucker 3500rpm

15. Prime the 12cc Syringe and second 60cc Syringe leaving 5cc's of air.



**Note: Leaving the 5cc air gap aids in normalizing pressure between the Concentrating Device and syringe allowing for cleaner separation of the two devices.**

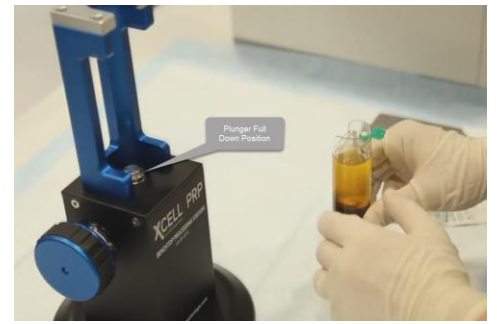
16. When centrifugation is complete, carefully remove the Concentrating Device and observe the cell layering. You should see a clear separation between red blood cells (RBC), the buffy coat and plasma.



**Note:** Always place the BPS on a sturdy table or bench.

**Critical:** The BPS should be cleaned before each use utilizing the procedure found in the Benchtop Processing Station Maintenance Instructions, provided.

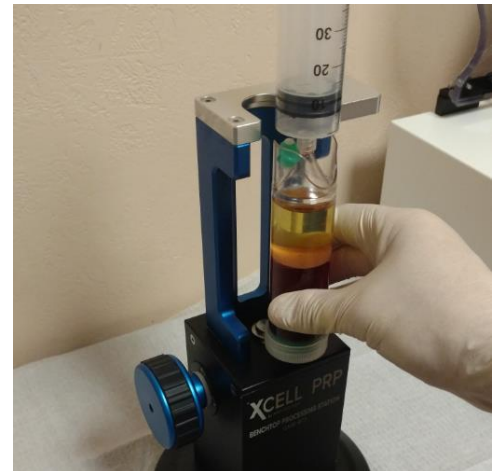
17. Verify the Plunger is in the full down position by rotating the Knob clockwise until the Plunger stops.



18. Prime the 60cc and 12cc Syringe's, leaving 5cc air in each.

**Note:** Leaving the 5ml air gap aids in normalizing pressure between the Concentrating Device and syringe allowing for cleaner separation of the two devices.

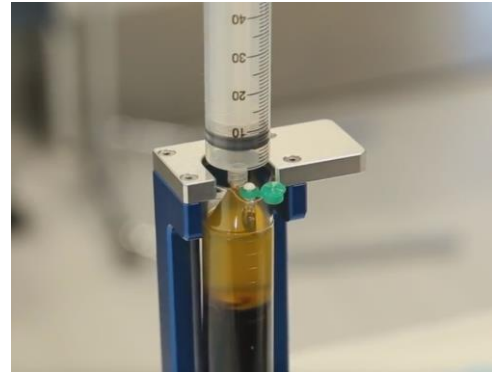
19. Obtain the P60A Concentrating Device, post-centrifugation, and remove P60A Cap and green Silicone Cap. Attach the 60cc Syringe and, keeping the assembly vertical, place into the BPS in the orientation seen here.



20. Gently turn the Knob counter-clockwise until the Concentrating Device touches the Top Plate.

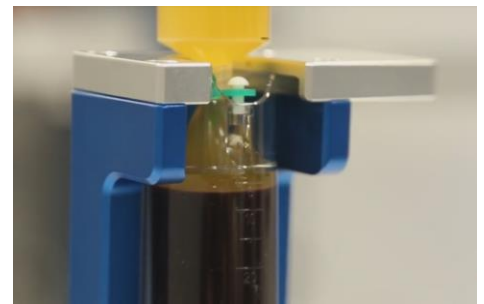
**Note:** Be sure the Concentrating Device is parallel with the Tower and Plunger.

**Caution:** Following these instructions carefully, minimizes the possibility of contaminating the working surfaces of the BPS with blood/plasma.



21. Slowly rotate the Knob counter-clockwise to push the plasma into the 60cc Syringe until the buffy coat reaches the 6cc mark on the Concentrating Device.
22. Retract the Plunger to full-down (see step 17) by rotating the Knob clockwise. Carefully remove the assembly.

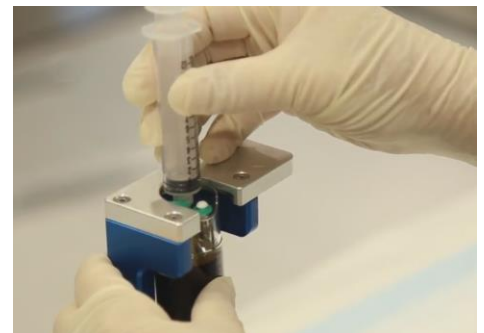
**Caution:** It is important to slowly rotate the Knob to minimize the possibility of contaminating the working surfaces of the BPS with blood/plasma.



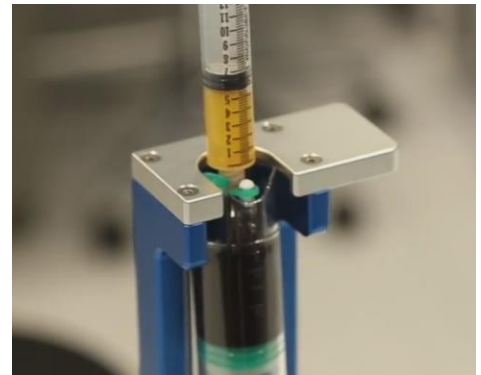
23. Detach the 60cc Syringe and cap using the provided Luer Lock Universal Cap and set aside.



24. Attach the 12cc Syringe to the Concentrating Device and place the assembly in the BPS, as was performed with the 60cc Syringe/Concentrating Device assembly (see step 19)



25. Rotate the Knob counter-clockwise and push concentrate, including buffy coat, into the 12cc Syringe (6.5cc total).
26. Now retract the Plunger to full-down and remove the assembly.



27. Carefully detach the 12cc Syringe and cap using the provided Luer Lock Universal Cap.
28. Gently invert the 12cc Syringe at least 15 times to re-mix the suspension.



29. Re-attach the green Silicone Cap and P60A cap and set aside. PRP processing is complete

**Note: Dispose of all single-use components in biohazard containers.**

**Note: Clean the BPS according to the "Benchtop Processing Station Maintenance Instructions" provided.**



### XC-PRP-60 Troubleshooting

1. Whole Blood sample appears to have "clumps"
  - a. This is an indication the ACD-A was not mixed after drawing. Discard, open a new XC-PRP-60 kit and review IFU.
2. Overfilled P60A Concentrating Device



- a. Using the still-sterile 45 Dispensing Tip, attached to the 60cc draw syringe, and carefully extract whole blood to the 60cc-mark on the P60A Concentrating Device.
3. Centrifuge Shaking or Out of Balance Error
  - a. Table/bench is unstable. Move centrifuge to stable surface
  - b. Sample and Counterbalance not +/-1.0g. Adjust and restart cycle.
  - c. Rotor/Bucket incorrectly installed. Refer to operator's manual provided.
4. Spun Sample appears red throughout, or has red-ish PPP.
  - a. Remixing has occurred.
    - i. Check the braking setting on the centrifuge using the brand-specific user guide.
    - ii. Verify you have used the correct caps on the P60A Concentrating Device. See instructions.
    - iii. Verify centrifuge is not shaking. Move to stable surface.
    - iv. Check P60A Cap for correct installation.
5. For Benchtop Processing Station concerns, see "Benchtop Processing Station Quick Start Guide".
6. The PRP sample is too red.
  - a. The user has taken excessive RBC. If the RBC volume is undesirable, discard, open a new XC-PRP-60 kit and review IFU.

### When PRP Should be Discarded?

1. If the sterility of any aspect of the protocol is in question, the sample, along with all components, should be discarded and a new XC-PRP-60 kit obtained.
2. If the timepoint from blood draw to usage exceeds 4 hours, the sample along with all components, should be discarded and a new XC-PRP-60 kit obtained. During the 4-hour timepoint samples may be refrigerated at 4c (39F).
3. If after the PRP is prepared, the physician discovered either the XC-PRP-60 kit or ACD-A is beyond its expiration, the sample, along with all components, should be discarded and a new XC-PRP-60 kit obtained.
4. If the patient, at any point before PRP use, reveals previously undisclosed information about medications or other health conditions the physician determines would compromise the PRP's intended use.

### Manufactured by:

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**IMPORTANT:** Please reference XCELL PRP™ Platelet Concentrating System Lot Control number and REF number in all communications. Call or email Apex Biologix Customer Service for product questions, concerns, returns, or adverse events at 844-897-4910 or [info@apexbiologix.com](mailto:info@apexbiologix.com)

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